



BOK FINANCIAL®

Second Quarter 2014
Earnings Conference Call
July 30, 2014

Steven G. Bradshaw
Chief Executive Officer

Scott Grauer
EVP, Wealth Management

Steven E. Nell
Chief Financial Officer

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Peers: Peers are defined as a group of 20 U.S. based publicly traded bank holding companies, 10 immediately larger and 10 immediately smaller than BOK Financial in terms of asset size at 12/31/13.

All data is presented as of June 30, 2014 unless otherwise noted.

Steven G. Bradshaw

Chief Executive Officer

Second Quarter Highlights

	Q2 2014	Q1 2014
Net Income	\$75.9 million	\$76.6 million
Diluted EPS	\$1.10	\$1.11

Drivers:

- Strong execution of growth strategies across the entire business
- Double-digit annualized loan growth in Q2
- Sustainable growth across all fee-generating lines of business

Second Quarter Highlights

\$billions	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Q2 2013	% Growth, Seq.	% Growth, YOY
Period-End Loans	\$13.4	\$13.1	\$12.4	2.7% (10.7% ann.)	7.9%
Avg. Loans	13.3	12.9	12.3	2.4% (9.8% ann.)	8.0%
Fiduciary Assets	\$32.7	\$31.3	\$28.3	4.5%	15.7%

Drivers:

- Loan growth driven by traditional C&I customers
- Energy loans up 3.2% in Q2 (13.0% annualized) - best sequential loan growth since Q3 2012
- Continued strong credit quality of underlying portfolio
- Fiduciary asset increase due to acquisitions as well as organic growth

Other Operating Revenue

(\$millions)	Q2 2014	% Growth, Seq.	% Growth, YOY	
Brokerage and trading	\$39.1	32.3%	18.8%	Investment banking business posts best quarter ever
Transaction card	31.5	8.2%	5.2%	Record quarter driven by higher transaction volume, new customer growth
Fiduciary and asset management	29.5	14.9%	19.1%	Growth in customer accounts, asset values, and contribution from recent acquisitions
Deposit service charges and fees	23.1	2.0%	-3.5%	Sequential growth due to seasonality
Mortgage banking	29.3	28.4%	-19.9%	Continued build-out of sales channels drives increased production in all sales channels
Other revenue	11.5	4.8%	4.4%	
Total Fees and Commissions	\$164.1	16.5%	3.1%	

Expense Review

(\$millions)	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Increase
Total operating expense	\$214.7	\$185.1	\$29.6

Drivers:

- One-time reductions in personnel-related accruals in Q1 totaling \$17.2 million
- Variable expenses driven by higher revenue levels
- GTrust and MBM acquisitions added \$1.8 million of expenses
- Professional fees higher due to the timing of regulatory compliance and risk management projects

Commercial Loan Growth

(\$millions)	Jun 30, 2014	Mar 31, 2014	Sequential Loan Growth
Energy	\$2,419.8	\$2,344.1	3.2%
Services	2,377.1	2,232.5	6.5%
Wholesale/retail	1,318.2	1,226.0	7.5%
Manufacturing	452.9	444.2	2.0%
Healthcare	1,394.2	1,396.6	(0.2%)
Other	405.6	408.4	(0.7%)
Total Commercial	\$8,367.7	\$8,051.7	3.9%

Commercial Real Estate

(\$millions)	Jun 30, 2014	Mar 31, 2014	Sequential Loan Growth
Residential construction and land development	\$184.8	\$184.8	0%
Retail	642.1	640.5	0.3%
Office	394.2	436.3	-9.6%
Multifamily	677.4	662.7	2.2%
Industrial	342.1	305.2	12.1%
Other CRE	414.4	401.9	3.1%
Total CRE	\$2,655.0	\$2,631.4	0.9%

Total Loans

(\$millions)	Jun 30, 2014	Mar 31, 2014	Sequential Loan Growth
Total Commercial	\$8,367.7	\$8,051.7	3.9%
Total CRE	2,655.0	2,631.4	0.9%
Total Residential Mortgage	2,008.2	2,018.7	-0.5%
Total Consumer	396.0	376.1	5.3%
Total Loans	\$13,426.9	\$13,077.9	2.7%

Loan Portfolio by Geography

(\$millions)	Jun 30, 2014	Mar 31, 2014	Sequential Loan Growth
Oklahoma	\$5,378.4	\$5,061.7	6.3%
Texas	4,501.6	4,524.1	(0.5%)
Albuquerque	840.7	801.4	4.9%
Arkansas	172.1	169.8	1.4%
Colorado	1,141.1	1,118.6	2.0%
Arizona	788.5	805.1	(2.1%)
Kansas City	604.5	597.1	1.2%
Total loans	\$13,426.9	\$13,077.9	2.7%

Loan Yields

Three Months Ended				
June 30, 2014	Mar 31, 2014	Dec 31, 2013	Sep 30, 2013	Jun 30, 2013
3.91%	3.95%	4.07%	4.13%	4.19%

- ▶ Continued competitive pressure in commercial portfolio
- ▶ Mix shift in the consumer portfolio toward high-quality borrowers

Scott Grauer

EVP, Wealth Management

Wealth Management Division Highlights

- ▶ More than \$61 billion in assets under management or in custody
- ▶ \$32.7 billion in fiduciary assets
- ▶ More than \$1 trillion in traded securities annually
- ▶ More than 800 dedicated Wealth Management employees

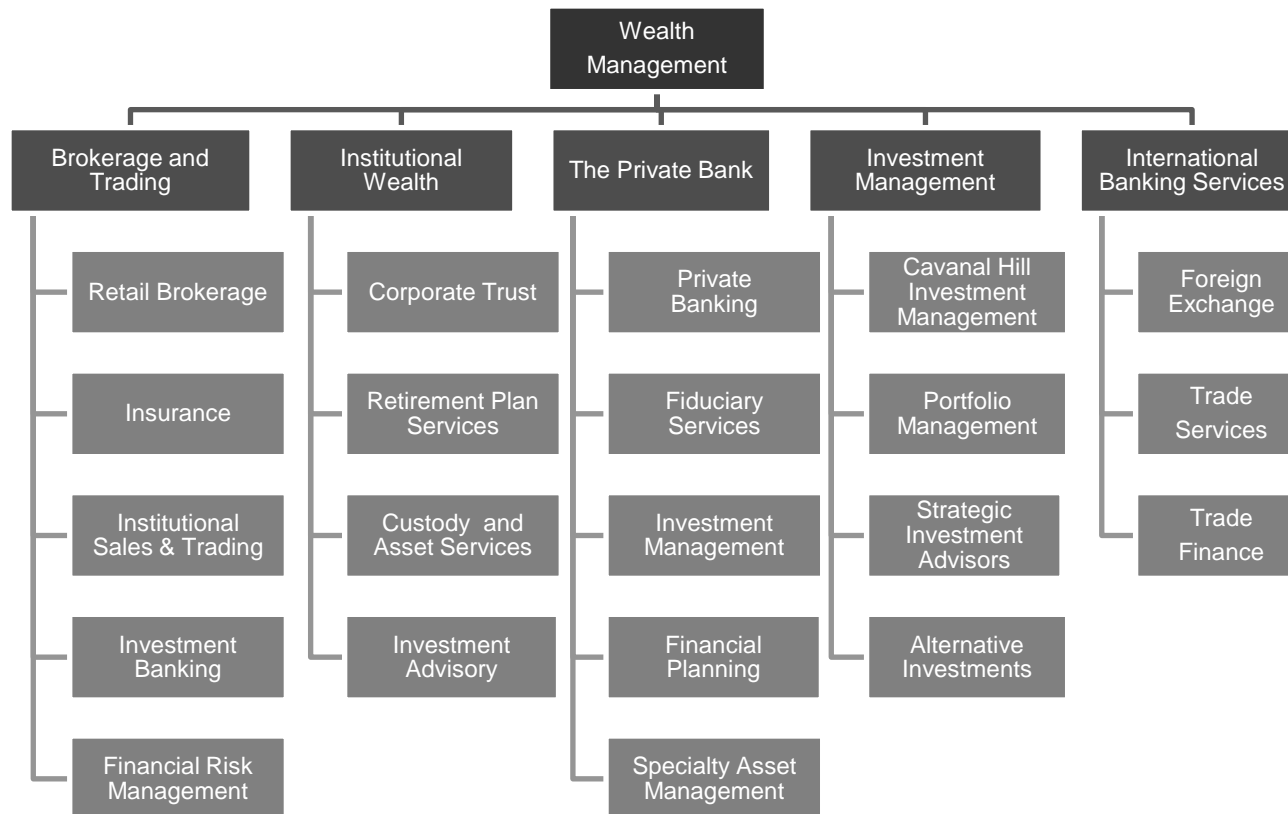
WEALTH MANAGEMENT REVENUE



Note: percentages based on Q1 revenue

Wealth Management Capabilities

Serving individuals and their families, foundations, endowments, pension plans, philanthropic organizations, governmental entities, tribal governments, educational institutions, hospitals, insurance companies and other businesses



Brokerage and Trading Revenue

\$millions	Q2 2014	% Growth, Seq.	% Growth, YOY	
Trading Account Fees & Commissions	\$18.6 million	23.0%	30.6%	Improved results in Q2 due to increased volatility in fixed income markets
Derivatives Fees & Commissions	\$3.7 million	148.8%	-27.8%	<p>\$1.6 million of recoveries from Lehman/MF Global bankruptcies drives sequential growth</p> <p>Continued tough hedging environment in energy markets</p>
Brokerage Fees	\$10.3 million	9.1%	13.4%	Growth in customer accounts, asset values, and contribution from recent acquisitions
Investment Banking Revenue	\$6.5 million	85.8%	46.5%	Record quarter driven by municipal assignments in Texas market
Total Revenue	\$39.1 million	32.3%	18.8%	

Fiduciary and Asset Management Revenue

	Q2 2014	Q1 2014
Total Revenue	\$29.5 million	\$25.7 million
Sequential Growth	14.9%	
Year-Over-Year Growth	19.1%	

Drivers:

- Revenue contributions from recent acquisitions
- Seasonal tax service fees
- Increase in account values
- Competitive disruption drives additional corporate trust opportunities throughout 2014

Steven Nell

Chief Financial Officer

Financial Overview

Second Quarter Financial Highlights

\$Millions	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	\$ Change	% Change	Comments
Average AFS Securities	\$ 9,800.9	\$ 10,076.9	\$ (276.0)	-2.74%	Reducing bond portfolio to manage interest rate sensitivity
Average Loans	13,264.4	12,947.9	316.5	2.44%	Growth driven by C&I and energy
Average Comm'l Loans	8,266.5	7,971.7	294.8	3.70%	
Average Deposits	\$ 20,497.1	\$ 20,235.5	\$ 261.6	1.29%	Continued growth from interest rate environment
Net Interest Revenue	\$ 166.1	\$ 162.6	\$ 3.5	2.12%	Loan growth and improved NIM offset by reduction in bond portfolio
Fees & Commissions	164.1	140.9	23.2	16.46%	All fee-generating businesses up in Q2, some well into the double digits
Loan Loss Provision	-	-	-	-	Loan growth and continued strong credit quality support stable loan loss provision
Personnel Expense	123.7	104.4	19.3	18.46%	Normalized run rate in \$123M range
Non-Pers Expense	91.0	80.7	10.3	12.80%	Lower mortgage banking costs, careful management of expense growth
Net Income	\$ 75.9	\$ 76.6	\$ (0.7)	-0.90%	
EPS	\$ 1.10	\$ 1.11	\$ (0.01)	-0.90%	

Net Interest Revenue

	Q2 2014	Q1 2014
Net Interest Revenue	\$166.1 million	\$162.6 million

Drivers:

- Strong loan growth
- Improved NIM in Q2
- One additional day in Q2

Fees and Commissions

	Q2 2014	Q1 2014
Revenue	\$164.1 million	\$140.9 million

Drivers:

- Record revenue quarters from brokerage and trading, transaction card, and fiduciary and asset management
- Strong sequential growth from mortgage banking as Home Direct and correspondent channels continue build-out
- Stability in deposit service charges and fees line item

Expenses

	Q2 2014	Q1 2014
Other Operating Expense	\$214.7 million	\$185.1 million

Drivers:

- Personnel expense in Q2 2014 in line with expectations
 - Q1 included ~\$17 million of accrual reversals
- Higher variable expenses due to strong Q2 revenue growth (impacts several expense line items)
- Forecasted higher professional fees to support regulatory initiatives

Balance Sheet

	Q2 2014	Q1 2014
Available for sale securities	\$9.7 billion	\$9.9 billion
Average deposits	\$20.5 billion	\$20.2 billion
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	13.63%	13.77%
Total Capital Ratio	15.38%	15.55%
Leverage Ratio	10.26%	10.17%
Tier 1 Common Equity ratio (1)	13.46%	13.59%

1) *Based on our interpretation of the existing Basel I standards. Based on our interpretation of the new capital rule, our estimated Tier 1 common equity ratio on a fully phased-in basis would be approximately 12.35%, 535 basis points above the 7% regulatory threshold.*

Solid Credit Quality at June 30, 2014

Continued Positive Trends

▶ ALL to period end loans:

1.42%

▶ Net annualized charge-offs to average loans:

(.06)%

▶ Allowance for loan losses to nonaccruing loans:

197.24%

▶ Non-performing assets to period end loans and repossessed assets*:

1.09%

*Excluding government guaranteed assets.

Revised 2014 Assumptions

- ▶ Low double-digit annual loan growth
- ▶ Continued nominal pressure on NIM
- ▶ Continued reduction of bond portfolio offset by growth in loan portfolio
- ▶ Reduce the bond portfolio by \$1.2 billion over the full year
- ▶ Net interest income to be flat to slightly down for the balance of the year
- ▶ Continued strong performance from fee generating businesses
 - ▶ Favorable year-over-year comps from mortgage business in Q3, Q4
- ▶ Some expense growth in Q3, Q4 tempered by careful cost containment
- ▶ Continued loan growth will reduce the likelihood of any release of loan loss reserves.

Question and Answer Session